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Our Proposed Amended Claims 1 and 21

1 (Currently Amended) Amethod for measuring an analyte in a sample containing hemoglobin by using a redox reaction, comprising:

prior to the redox reaction, adding at least one of a sulfur containing compound

selected from the group consisting of sedium lauryl sulfate, dodecybenzene sulforic acid sodium salt, lithium lauryl sulfate, 4 aminoazobenizene 4 sulfonic acid sodium salt, 4 amino 4 nitrostilbene 2,2 disulfonic acid disodium salt and 4,4 diszidostilbene 2,2 disulfonic acid disodium salt, or adding a combination of at least one of said sulfur containing compounds and at least one of a nitrogen containing compounds and at least one of a nitrogen containing compound selected from the group consisting of 2,4 dimitrophenol, prairiophenol, 2,4 dimitrosphiline, prairiophenol, 4 amino 4 nitrostilbene 2,2 disulfonic acid disodium salt, nitrobenezos, sodium mitrite, and potassium nitrite to the sample so as to eliminate

an influence of the hemoglobin contained in the sample and thereafter, the method further comprising:

forming an oxidizing substance or a reducing substance derived from the analyte by adding an oxidative enzyme;

measuring the amount of the formed substance derived from the analyte by the redox reaction; and

determining the amount of the analyte from the measurement value indicating the amount of the formed substance.

21. (Currently Amended) A method for measuring an analyte in a sample containing hemoglobin by using a redox reaction, comprising:

prior to the redox reaction, adding sodium laury) sulfate and or firmum laury) sulfate to the sample so as to eliminate an influence of the hemoglobin contained in the sample without adding nitro compound and mitrite sait and thereafter, the method further comprising:

forming an oxidizing substance or a reducing substance derived from the analyte by adding an oxidative enzyme;

measuring the amount of the formed substance derived from the analyte by the redux reaction; and

determining the amount of the analyte from the measurement value indicating the amount of the formed substance.